TEST YOURSELF

(The second mid-term revision for 11 graders)

I. (Choose the word wl	hose underlined part is	s pronounced differentl	ly from that of the others.		
1.	A. subscr <u>i</u> be	B. f <u>i</u> nite	C. proh <u>i</u> bit	D. w <u>i</u> ld		
2.	A. exhaust	B. anxious	C. e <u>x</u> ist C. weal <u>th</u> y	D. exact		
3.	A. wea <u>th</u> er	B. grow <u>th</u>	C. weal <u>th</u> y	D. geothermal		
4.	A. eradicate	B. habitat	C. endanger	D. panel		
5.	A. pleased	B. raised	C. end <u>anger</u> C. practic <u>ed</u>	D. us <u>ed</u>		
II.	Choose the word w	hose main stress patte	ern is not the same as th	nat of the others.		
6.	A. geothermal	B. environment	C. alternative	D. pollutant		
7.	A. scientist	B. industry	C. agriculture	D. potential		
8.	A. interference	B. consequences	C. electricity	D. entertainment		
9.	A. preserve	B. devastate	C. electricity C. endanger	D. release		
10.	A. fertilize	B. deliver	C. imagine	D. destroy		
III.	Choose the word	or phrase (a, b, c or I	i) that best fits the blan	nk space in each sentence or		
		derlined word or phras		•		
				restation and careless hunting.		
	A. up	B. out	C. away	D. down		
12.			alternative sources			
	A. for	B. in	C. on	D. with		
13.	If you have anythin	ng important to do, do it	straight away. Don't put	tit .		
	A. on	B. off	C. over	D. up		
14.	The headmistress is	s very competent. All th	e teaching staff look	- · · · · · ·		
	A. up to her	B. her up to	C. at her up	D. for her up		
15.	He wouldn't have f	ailed his exam he	e hadn't been ill.	2 v rer mer up		
10.	A unless	B if	e hadn't been ill. C. in case	D although		
16.	We should respons	ible for the huma	ans are doing to the envir	ronment.		
10.	A destroy	B destructive	C. destruction	D destructibility		
17		e when she to rea		D. destructionity		
1,.	A had tried	R was trying	C. tried	D had been trying		
18	He suggested	a jumble sale to try an	nd raise money for the sc	Polits		
10.		B. me that I held		D. to hold		
10		students I have c	_	D. to hold		
1).	A. who		-	D. in whom		
20		B. that	om the provinces are b	aving trouble finding decent		
20.	The students in this class, are from the provinces, are having trouble finding decen accommodation.					
	A. most of whom	D many of them	C. some of who	D all who		
21		D. Illally Of theill	c. some of who	D. all wild the af wildlife		
21.			ns are doing to quicken			
22			C. extinction			
22.			one of the leading faces			
22	A. that	B. whose		D. who		
23.			a tremendous rate and _			
2 4	A. it will be			D. are soon going to		
24.	The teacher gave so	ome <u>suggestions</u> on wha	at could come out for the	e examination		

	A. effects	B. symptoms	C. hints	D. demonstrations		
25.	While southern Califo	rnia is densely populate	ed, live in the nor	thern part of the state.		
			C. few people			
26.				nd poverty in order to work		
	for peace and independ		1 2			
	A. that was called	B. was called	C. called	D. calling		
27.			ng hard enough for the to			
			C. result			
28.		ore English before enro		2.5		
20.	A. was recommended		ining at the aniversity.			
	C. has recommended		D. recommends			
29	The teacher asked those	se who their test	s in their papers.			
<i></i> ,	A completed/turn		R completed/turned			
	C had completed/ to t	urn	D. completed/ turns			
30	Historian Barbara Tue	chman was the first wo	oman nresident o	f the Academy of Arts and		
50.	Sciences.	minum was the mist we	mun president o	Time readonly of rates and		
		B to elect	C. was elected	D to be elected		
31			trees in EI Yunque rain			
51.	A to be	R heing	C. they are	D there are		
32	Rarely last long		c. they are	B. there are		
32.			C. tornados that	D tornados do		
33				ve helped with the project.		
55.			C. Had it been			
34			new objects and con-			
<i>J</i> 1.	A to describe	R a description of	C. they describe	D describe		
35	A home computer	an opportunity for c	convenient and efficient	work at home		
33.	Δ provides	B to be providing	C. which provides	D providing it		
	71. provides	b. to be providing	c. which provides	D. providing it		
IV	Choose the underline	ed word or nhrase (A	B, C or D) that needs c	orrecting		
		<u>-</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		
	66. Liquids take the shape (A) of any container which (B) they (C) are placed (D). 67. Winslow Homer, who had (A) no formally (B) training in art, became famous for (C) his					
57.	paintings (D) of the se	` '	(B) training in art, o	come <u>minous for</u> (c) mis		
38			(C) Asian elephants tha	n African <u>elephants</u> (D).		
	, ,			will attack animals that (C)		
57.	are double (D) their si		(B) carmvores, weasers	will attack diffillatis that (C)		
40			otedly (B) among (C) the	friendliest (D) to human.		
10.	<u>rm or</u> (rr) the manning	ns, dorphins are <u>andoac</u>	(e) the	<u>irremented</u> (B) to numum.		
V.	Choose the word or r	ohrase - A. B. C or D	- that hest fits the bla	ink space in the following		
	sage.	muse 11, b, c of b	that best hits the bit	ink space in the following		
pas		le (41) fuels such	as oil coal and natural a	as provided over 82 percent		
By 1984, nonrenewable (41) fuels, such as oil, coal and natural as, provided over 82 percent of the commercial and industrial energy (42) in the world. Small amounts of energy were						
(43) from nuclear fission, and the (44) 16 percent came from burning direct perpetual and						
	renewable fuels, (45) biomass. Between 1700 and 1986 a large number of countries (46)					
	1	_	_	n of hydropower and solar		
			d from nonrenewable for	· -		
	· /	•		n most automobile fuels. In		

countries with private, rather than public (49) , the age of nonrenewable fuels has created a dependency on a finite (50) that will have to be replaced. 41. A. clean B. unleaded C. fossil D. solid C. supplied 42. A. used B. produced D. stored C. extracted B. derived 43. A. produced D. released 44. A. resting D. remaining B. leaving C. restricting B. therefore 45. A. as C. such as D. for 46. A. shifted B. transferred C. obtained D. applied 47. A. saved D. converted B. reformed C. delivered D. consequently 48. A. actually B. increasingly C. gradually D. transportable 49. A. transports B. transportation C. transporters 50. A. reserve B. material C. resource D. power

VI. Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

Scientists believe they now have scientific evidence to prove that ecosystems work better when there is greater variety of species within them. This biodiversity is being lost destroying natural mechanisms that could repair the damage caused by man.

Findings show that losing plants and animals is not only reducing our quality of life but actually endangering our very existence. We cut down rich rainforests and replace them with one species plantations, such as pine and eucalyptus. We plough up meadows rich in different grasses and herbs and replace them with one grass, for instance rye or wheat.

When a natural ecosystem is simplified the basic processes in the ecosystem are altered and even damaged. Without their biodiversity they are not able to serve as the natural cleaners of our planet. No longer are they able to absorb the carbon dioxide that is being produced in excess. The result is global warming, caused by the increase in the 'greenhouse effect', and ultimately, or even 'sooner, there will be' a change in the world's climate.

51.	Which	of the	followi	ng is the	e best title	for the	passage?
J 1.	* * 111011	or the	10110 11 1	115 15 111	c ocst title	ioi uic	passage.

- A. How Ecosystems Work Better B.
 - B. The Loss of Biodiversity

C. The Variety of Species

D. Natural Mechanisms

C. Eucalyptus

- 52. Which of the following is not a species used to replace a rich ecosystem?
- A. Herbs B. Pine 53. What is the purpose of paragraph 2?
 - A. To show natural mechanisms at work.
- B. To give examples of the loss of biodiversity.

D. Rye

- C. To give example of variety of species.
- D. To show how ecosystems can work better.
- 54. What, according to the passage, might be the final result of the simplification of natural ecosystems?
 - A. The basic processes are altered
- B. There is loss of biodiversity

C. There is global warming

- D. There is a change in the climate.
- 55. What is the author's attitude to the loss of biodiversity?
 - A. Indifferent
- B. Negative
- C. Positive
- D. Neutral

VII. Choose the answer - A, B, C or D - that is nearest in meaning to the printed before it.

- 56. She has always got on well with her colleagues.
 - A. She has always had poor relationship with her colleagues.
 - B. She has always been on good terms with her colleagues.
 - C. Her colleagues have always put up with her.

D. Julia took no notice of what her doctor to 58. John Smith is a farmer. I bought his land. A. John Smith, whose land I bought, is a farm B. John Smith, who is a farmer, whose land C. John Smith, whom I bought his land, is a D. John Smith, a farmer, bought his land.	mer. I bought.		
VIII. Choose the answer- A, B, C, or D - that	•		
59 who made Thanksgiving an official l	B. He was Abraham Lincoln		
C. Abraham Lincoln was	D. It was Abraham Lincoln		
60. Four miles off the southeastern coast of Massachusetts , a popular summer resort.			
A. lies the island of Martha's Vineyard			
C. does lie the island of Martha's Vineyard	•		
•			
The end			

D. She is trying to establish a good relationship with her colleagues.

C. The doctor told Julia to listen to what he said, but she didn't do so.

A. What the doctor told Julia was not worth listening to.

57. Julia didn't listen to what her doctor told her.

B. Julia couldn't hear what the doctor told her.